

Government of India
Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation
Sustainable Development Goals - National Indicator Framework
Version 2.0 (as on 31.03.2020)

Target	National Indicator	Data Source	Periodicity
Goal 1. End poverty in all its forms everywhere			
1.1 By 2030, eradicate extreme poverty for all people everywhere, currently measured as people living on less than \$1.25 a day	1.1.1 Proportion of population living below the national poverty line, 2011-12 (in percentage)	NITI Aayog	5 Years
	1.1.2 Poverty Gap Ratio, 2011-12 (in percentage)	NITI Aayog	5 Years
1.2 By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions	National Indicator is under development		
1.3 Implement nationally appropriate social protection systems and measures for all, including floors, and by 2030 achieve substantial coverage of the poor and the vulnerable	1.3.1 Percentage of households with any usual member covered by a health scheme or health insurance, 2015-16 (in percentage)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years
	1.3.2 Number of Beneficiaries under Integrated Child Development Scheme - ICDS, (in number)	Ministry of Women and Child Development	Annual
	1.3.3 Persons provided employment as a percentage of persons who demanded employment under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA)	Ministry of Rural Development	Annual

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	1.3.4 Number of Self Help Groups (SHGs) provided bank credit linkage, (in lakhs)	National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development (NABARD)	Annual
	1.3.5 Proportion of the population (out of total eligible population) receiving social protection benefits under Pradhan Mantri Matritva Vandana Yojana (PMMVY)	Ministry of Women and Child Development	Annual
	1.3.6 Number of senior citizens provided institutional assistance through Old Age Homes/Day Care Centers funded by the Government, (in number)	Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment	Annual
	1.3.7 Number of beneficiaries added under Employee's Pension Scheme (EPS) during the year, (in number)	Ministry of Labour and Employment	Annual
	1.3.8 Coverage of New Pension scheme (NPS)	Ministry of Finance	Annual
1.4 By 2030, ensure that all men and women, in particular the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services,	1.4.1 Percentage of Population getting safe and adequate drinking water within premises through Pipe Water Supply (PWS) (similar to 6.1.1)	Ministry of Jal Shakti, DWS for rural area and MIS, NSS, Ministry of Statistics and PI	Annual for Rural and 3 years for Urban
	1.4.2 Proportion of population (Urban) living in households with access to safe drinking water & sanitation (Toilets)	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	Annual

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including microfinance	1.4.3 Percentage of households electrified, 2019-20 (similar to 7.1.1)	Ministry of Power	Annual
	1.4.4 Proportion of homeless population to total population, 2011 (in percentage)	Office of Registrar General of India, Ministry of Home Affairs	10 Years
	1.4.5 Number of accounts (including deposit and credit accounts) of scheduled commercial banks per 1,000 population, (in number) (similar to 8.10.2)	(a) Numerator: Reserve Bank of India (b) Denominator: Office of Registrar General of India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
	1.4.6 Number of telephone subscriptions as percentage of total population, (in percentage)	(a) Numerator: D/o Telecommunications (b) Denominator: Office of Registrar General of India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
	1.4.7 Proportion of households having access to toilet facility (Urban & Rural),(in percentage) (similar to 6.2.1), 2015-16	Ministry of Jal Shakti, DWS for rural area and MIS, NSS, Ministry of Statistics and PI	Annual for Rural and 3 years for Urban
1.5 By 2030, build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability to climate-related extreme	1.5.1 Number of deaths attributed to extreme climate per 1,00,000 population (similar to Indicator 11.5.1 and 13.1.2)	Disaster Management Division, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual

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events and other economic, social and environmental shocks and disasters	1.5.2 Proportion of States that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster reduction strategies, 2018-19, (similar to Indicator 11.b.2)	Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
1.a Ensure significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources, including through enhanced development cooperation, in order to provide adequate and predictable means for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, to implement programmes and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions	1.a.1 Proportion of domestically generated resources allocated by the government (Central & State) directly to poverty reduction programmes	Ministry of Finance	Annual
	1.a.2 Proportion of total government spending on essential services (education, health and social protection), (in percentage)	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
1.b Create sound policy frameworks at the national, regional and international levels, based on pro-poor and gender-sensitive development strategies, to support accelerated investment in poverty eradication actions	1.b.1 Proportion of budget earmarked under gender budget	Ministry of Women and Child Development	Annual
Target	National Indicator	Data Source	Periodicity
Goal 2. End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture			
2.1 By 2030, end hunger and ensure access by all people, in particular the poor and people in	2.1.1 Percentage of children aged under 5 years who are underweight, 2015-16	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years

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vulnerable situations, including infants, to safe, nutritious and sufficient food all year round	2.1.2 Proportion of beneficiaries covered under National Food Security Act 2013, (in percentage)	Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food and Public Distribution	Annual
2.2 By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons	2.2.1 Percentage of children under age 5 years who are stunted 2015-16	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years
	2.2.2 Percentage of children under age 5 years who are wasted 2015-16	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years
	2.2.3 Percentage of women whose Body Mass Index (BMI) is below normal, 2015-16	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years
	2.2.4 Percentage of pregnant women age 15-49 years who are anemic (<11.0g/dl), 2015-16	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years
	2.2.5 Percentage of Children age 6-59 months who are anemic (<11.0g/dl) 2015-16	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years
2.3 By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment	2.3.1 Agriculture productivity of wheat and rice, (in kg per hectare)	Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare (MoA&FW)	Annual
	2.3.2 Gross Value Added in agriculture per worker, (in Rs.)	DES, Agriculture Statistics Division, Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare	Annual
	2.3.3 Ratio of institutional credit to agriculture to the agriculture output	(a) Numerator: Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare (b) Denominator: National Accounts Division, MoSPI	Annual

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2.4 By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality	2.4.1 Proportion of Net Sown Area to Cultivable land, 2015-16 (in percentage)	DES, Agriculture Statistics Division, Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare	Annual
	2.4.2 Percentage of farmers issued Soil Health Card	DES, Agriculture Statistics Division, Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare	Annual
	2.4.3 Percentage of net area under organic farming	Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare (MoA&FW)	Annual
2.5 By 2020, maintain the genetic diversity of seeds, cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and their related wild species, including through soundly managed and diversified seed and plant banks at the national, regional and international levels, and promote access to and fair and equitable sharing of benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and associated traditional knowledge, as internationally agreed	2.5.1 Number of accessions conserved in the base collection (-18 degree Celsius) at National Gene Bank	National Bureau of Plant Genetic Resources, (ICAR-NBPGR), DARE, MoA&FW	Annual
	2.5.2 Conservation of germplasm, 2015-16 (in number)	National Bureau of Plant Genetic Resources, (ICAR-NBPGR), DARE, MoA&FW	Annual
	2.5.3 Conservation of fish genetic resource (in number)	National Bureau of Plant Genetic Resources, (ICAR-NBPGR), DARE, MoA&FW	Annual
2.a Increase investment, including through enhanced international cooperation, in rural infrastructure, agricultural research and extension services,	2.a.1 Percentage share of expenditure in Intellectual Property Product (R&D) in agriculture to GVA in agriculture	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual

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technology development and plant and livestock gene banks in order to enhance agricultural productive capacity in developing countries, in particular least developed countries	2.a.2 Percentage of total government expenditure in agriculture to GVA in agriculture	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
2.b Correct and prevent trade restrictions and distortions in world agricultural markets, including through the parallel elimination of all forms of agricultural export subsidies and all export measures with equivalent effect, in accordance with the mandate of the Doha Development Round	National indicator is under development		
2.c Adopt measures to ensure the proper functioning of food commodity markets and their derivatives and facilitate timely access to market information, including on food reserves, in order to help limit extreme food price volatility	2.c.1 Percentage of agriculture mandis enrolled in e-market	Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare (MoA&FW)	Annual
Target	National Indicator	Data Source	Periodicity
Goal 3. Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages			
3.1 By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births	3.1.1 Maternal Mortality Ratio, (per 1,00,000 live birth)	Office of Registrar General of India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual

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	3.1.2 Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel (Period 5 years), 2015-16	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years
	3.1.3 Percentage of births attended by skilled health personnel (Period 1 year), 2015-16	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years
	3.1.4 Percentage of women aged 15–49 years with a live birth, for last birth, who received antenatal care, four times or more(Period 5 years/1 year), 2015-16 (in percentage)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years
3.2 By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births	3.2.1 Under-five mortality rate, (per 1,000 live births)	Office of Registrar General of India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
	3.2.2 Neonatal mortality rate,(per 1,000 live births)	Office of Registrar General of India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
	3.2.3 Percentage of children aged 12-23 months fully immunized (BCG, Measles and three doses of Pentavalent vaccine), 2015-16	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years
3.3 By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases	3.3.1 Number of new HIV infections per 1,000 uninfected population	National AIDS Control Organization, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	2 Years
	3.3.2 Tuberculosis incidence per 1,00,000 population	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	Annual

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	3.3.3 Malaria incidence per 1,000 population	Directorate of National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme (DGHS), Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	Annual
	3.3.4 Prevalence of Viral Hepatitis A per 1,00,000 population	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	Annual
	3.3.5 Dengue: Case Fatality Ratio, (in percentage)	Directorate of National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme (DGHS), Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	Annual
	3.3.6 Number of Chikungunya cases	Directorate of National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme (DGHS), Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	Annual
	3.3.7 Number of new cases of Kalaazar/ V Leishmaniasis	Directorate of National Vector Borne Disease Control Programme (DGHS), Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	Annual
	3.3.8 Number of new cases of Lymphatic Filariasis (LF)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	Annual

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	3.3.9 Proportion of grade-2 cases amongst new cases of Leprosy, (in percentage)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	Annual
	3.3.10 HIV Prevalence Rate, (in percentage)	National AIDS Control Organization, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	2 Years
3.4 By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and well-being	3.4.1 Number of deaths due to cancer	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	Annual
	3.4.2 Suicide mortality rate, (per 1,00,000 population)	(a) Numerator: National Crime Records Bureau, MHA (b) Denominator: Office of Registrar General of India, MHA	Annual
	3.4.3 Percentage distribution of leading cause groups of deaths	Office of Registrar General of India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
3.5 Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol	3.5.1 Percentage of population (men (15-49 years) & women (15 - 49 years)) who drink alcohol about once a week out of total population (men (15-49 years) & women (15 - 49 years)) who drink alcohol, 2015-16 (in percentage)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years
	3.5.2 Number of persons treated in de-addiction centres	Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment	Annual

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	3.5.3 Percentage of population (men (15-54 years) and women (15-49 years)) who consume alcohol,2015-16	Department of Health and Family Welfare, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years
3.6 By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents	3.6.1 People killed/injured in road accidents (per 1,00,000 population) (similar to 11.2.2)	(a) Numerator: National Crime Records Bureau, MHA (b) Denominator: Office of Registrar General of India, MHA	Annual
3.7 By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes	3.7.1 Percentage of currently married women (15-49 years) who use any modern family planning methods, 2015-16 (similar to Indicator 3.8.1 and 5.6.1)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years
	3.7.2 Percentage of women aged 15-19 years who were already mothers or pregnant,2015-16	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years
	3.7.3 Percentage of Institutional Births(5 years/1 years), 2015-16	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years
	3.7.4 Percentage of currently married women aged 15-49 years who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods, 2015-16	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years
3.8 Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable	3.8.1 Percentage of currently married women (15-49 years) who use any modern family planning methods, 2015-16 (similar to Indicator 3.7.1 and 5.6.1)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years

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essential medicines and vaccines for all	3.8.2 Percentage of TB cases successfully treated (cured plus treatment completed) among TB cases notified to the national health authorities during a specified period	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	Annual
	3.8.3 Percentage of people living with HIV currently receiving ART among the detected number of adults and children living with HIV	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	2 Years
	3.8.4 Prevalence of hypertension among men and women age 15 – 49 years,2015-16 (in percentage)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years
	3.8.5 Percentage of population in age group 15- 49 who reported sought treatment out of total population in that age group having diabetes,2015-16	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years
	3.8.6 Percentage of women aged 15-49 who have ever undergone Cervix examinations, 2015-16	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years
	3.8.7 Percentage of women aged 15-49 years and men aged 15-49 years with use of any kind of tobacco, in percentage (similar to 3.a.1)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years

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	3.8.8 Total physicians, nurses and midwives per 10,000 population, (similar to Indicator 3.c.1)	(a) Numerator: 1. Physicians – Medical Council of India 2. AYUSH registered practitioners – M/o AYUSH 3. Nurses and Midwives – Nursing Council of India (b) Denominator: Census of India, Office of Registrar General of India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
3.9 By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination	3.9.1 Mortality rate attributed to unintentional poisoning, (per 1,00,000 population)	(a) Numerator: National Crime Records Bureau, MHA (b) Denominator: Office of Registrar General of India, MHA	Annual
	3.9.2 Proportion of men and women reporting Asthma in the age group (aged 15-49 years), 2015-16 (in percentage)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years
3.a Strengthen the implementation of the World Health Organization Framework Convention on Tobacco Control in all countries, as appropriate	3.a.1 Percentage of women aged 15-49 years and men aged 15-49 years who use any kind of tobacco,2015-16 (similar to 3.8.7)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years

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<p>3.b Support the research and development of vaccines and medicines for the communicable and non-communicable diseases that primarily affect developing countries, provide access to affordable essential medicines and vaccines, in accordance with the Doha Declaration on the TRIPS Agreement and Public Health, which affirms the right of developing countries to use to the full the provisions in the Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights regarding flexibilities to protect public health, and, in particular, provide access to medicines for all</p>	<p>3.b.1 Budgetary allocation for Department of Health Research, (in Rs. crore)</p>	<p>Ministry of Health and Family Welfare</p>	<p>Annual</p>
<p>3.c Substantially increase health financing and the recruitment, development, training and retention of the health workforce in developing countries, especially in least developed countries and small island developing States</p>	<p>3.c.1 Total physicians, nurses and midwives per 10,000 population, in percentage (similar to Indicator 3.8.8)</p>	<p>(a) Numerator: 1. Physicians – Medical Council of India 2. AYUSH registered practitioners – M/o AYUSH 3. Nurses and Midwives – Nursing Council of India (b) Denominator: Census of India, Office of Registrar General of India, Ministry of Home Affairs</p>	<p>Annual</p>

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	3.c.2 Percentage of government spending (including current and capital expenditure) in health sector to GDP	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
3.d Strengthen the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and global health risks	National indicator is under development		
Target	National Indicator	Data Source	Periodicity
Goal 4. Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all			
4.1 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys complete free, equitable and quality primary and secondary education leading to relevant and effective learning outcomes	4.1.1 Net Enrolment Ratio in primary and upper primary education, (in percentage)	Department of School Education, Ministry of Human Resource Development	Annual
	4.1.2 Adjusted Net Enrolment Ratio in primary, upper primary and secondary education, (in percentage)	Department of School Education, Ministry of Human Resource Development	Annual
	4.1.3 Gross Enrolment Ratio in higher secondary education, (in percentage)	Department of School Education, Ministry of Human Resource Development	Annual
	4.1.4 Percentage of students in grade 3, 5, 8 and 10 achieving at least a minimum proficiency level in terms of nationally defined learning outcomes to be attained by pupils at the	Department of School Education, Ministry of Human Resource Development	Annual

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	end of each of above grades, 2017-18		
	4.1.5 Gross Intake Ratio to the last grade (primary, upper primary and secondary),2015-16 (in percentage)	Ministry of Human Resource Development	Annual
	4.1.6 Proportion of students enrolled in Grade 1 who reaches last grade or primary/upper primary/ secondary levels	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	3 Years
	4.1.7 Out of school ratio (primary, upper primary, elementary, secondary and higher secondary)	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	3 Years
	4.1.8 Number of years (i) free and (ii) compulsory education guaranteed in legal frameworks, 2009, 2015-16	Ministry of Human Resource Development	Annual
4.2 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre-primary education so that they are ready for primary education	4.2.1 Participation rate in organized learning one year before official primary entry, 2015-16(in percentage)	Ministry of Human Resource Development	3 Years
	4.2.2 Gross early childhood education enrolment ratio	Ministry of Human Resource Development	Annual
4.3 By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university	4.3.1 Participation rate of youth and adults in formal and non-formal education and training in the previous 12 months	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	3 Years
	4.3.2 Proportion of male-female enrolled in higher education, technical and vocational education,2015-16 (in	Department of Higher Education, Ministry of Human Resource	Annual

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	Ratio)	Development	
	4.3.3 Gross enrolment ratio for tertiary education, (in percentage)	Department of Higher Education, Ministry of Human Resource Development	Annual
4.4 By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship	4.4.1 Proportion of youth and adults with information and communication technology (ICT) skills	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	3 Years
4.5 By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations	4.5.1 Enrolment ratio of children with disabilities, 2015-16 (in percentage)	(a) Numerator: Ministry of Human Resource Development (b) Denominator: Office of Registrar General of India, MHA	Annual
	4.5.2 Gender Parity indices for Primary /Secondary/Higher Secondary /Tertiary education, (in percentage)	Department of Higher Education, Ministry of Human Resource Development	Annual
4.6 By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy	4.6.1 Literacy rate of youth in the age group of 15-24 years, 2011-12 (in percentage)	Office of Registrar General of India, Ministry of Home Affairs	10 Years

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<p>4.7 By 2030, ensure that all learners acquire the knowledge and skills needed to promote sustainable development, including, among others, through education for sustainable development and sustainable lifestyles, human rights, gender equality, promotion of a culture of peace and non-violence, global citizenship and appreciation of cultural diversity and of culture's contribution to sustainable development</p>	<p>National Indicator is under development</p>		
<p>4.a Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all</p>	<p>4.a.1 Proportion of schools with access to: (a) electricity; (b) computers for pedagogical purposes; (c) adapted infrastructure and materials for students with disabilities/ disabled friendly ramp and toilets; (d) basic drinking water; (e) single-sex basic sanitation facilities; and (f) basic hand wash- ing facilities (as per the WASH indicator definitions), (in percentage)</p>	<p>Department of School Education, Ministry of Human Resource Development</p>	<p>Annual</p>

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4.b By 2020, substantially expand globally the number of scholarships available to developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and African countries, for enrolment in higher education, including vocational training and information and communications technology, technical, engineering and scientific programmes, in developed countries and other developing countries	National Indicator is under development		
4.c By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, especially least developed countries and small island developing States	4.c.1 Proportion of trained teachers, by education level (primary, upper primary, elementary, secondary and higher secondary education), (in percentage)	Department of School Education, Ministry of Human Resource Development	Annual
Target	National Indicator	Data Source	Periodicity
Goal 5. Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls			
5.1 End all forms of discrimination against all women and girls everywhere	5.1.1 Rate of crimes against women per 1,00,000 female population	(a) Numerator: National Crime Records Bureau, MHA (b) Denominator: Office of Registrar General of India, MHA	Annual
	5.1.2 Per lakh women that have been subjected to dowry offences during	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of	Annual

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	the year	Home Affairs	
	5.1.3 Sex Ratio at Birth	Office of Registrar General of India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
	5.1.4 Whether or not legal framework are in place to promote, enforce and monitor equality and non- discrimination on the basis of sex, (in percentage)	Ministry of Women and Child Development	Annual
5.2 Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation	5.2.1 Proportion of crime against women to total crime reported in the country during the calendar year, (in percentage)	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
	5.2.2 Per lakh women who have experienced sexual crimes during the year, (in percentage)	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
	5.2.3 Per lakh women who have experienced cruelty/physical violence by husband or his relative during the calendar year, (in percentage)	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
	5.2.4 Proportion of sexual crime against girl children to total crime against children during the calendar year, (in percentage)	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
	5.2.5 Proportion of trafficking of girl children to total children trafficked during the calendar year, (in percentage)	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual

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	5.2.6 Percentage of ever married women age 15-49 years who have ever experienced physical or sexual violence committed by their husband, 2015-16	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years
	5.2.7 Child Sex Ratio (0-6 years), 2011(in number)	Office of Registrar General of India, Ministry of Home Affairs	10 Years
5.3 Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation	5.3.1 Proportion of cases reported under the Prohibition of Child Marriage Act (early marriage of children below 18 years of age) to total crime against children, (in percentage)	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
	5.3.2 Percentage of women aged 20-24 years who were married by exact age 18 years,2015-16	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years
5.4 Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate	5.4.1 Proportion of time spent on unpaid domestic and care work.	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	5 Years
5.5 Ensure women’s full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life	5.5.1 Proportion of seats held by women in national Parliament, State Legislation and Local Self Government, (in percentage) (similar to Indicators 10.2.2 and 16.7.1)	(1) Election Commission of India (2) Ministry of Panchayati Raj	5 Years

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	5.5.2 Proportion of women in managerial positions including women in Board of Director, in listed companies, (per 1,000 persons)	Ministry of Corporate Affairs	Annual
5.6 Ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights as agreed in accordance with the Programme of Action of the International Conference on Population and Development and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences	5.6.1 Percentage of currently married women (15-49 years) who use modern methods of family planning, 2015-16 (similar to Indicators 3.7.1 and 3.8.1)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years
	5.6.2 Unmet need for family planning for currently married women aged 15-49 years, 2015-16 (in percentage)	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years
	5.6.3 Percentage of population aged 15-24 years with comprehensive knowledge of HIV/AIDS, 2015-16	Ministry of Health and Family Welfare	3 Years
5.a Undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to ownership and control over land and other forms of property, financial services, inheritance and natural resources, in accordance with national laws	5.a.1 Operational land holdings - gender wise, 2015-16 (percentage of female operated operational holdings)	Department of Agriculture, cooperation and Farmer Welfare, Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare	5 Years
	5.a.3 Wages of casual labourers (gender wise) other than public works, (per day in Rs.)	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	Quarterly
	5.a.4 Average agricultural wage earnings from casual labour work other than public works, (per day in Rs.)	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	Quarterly
	5.a.5 Exclusive women SHGs in Bank linked SHGs, (in percentage)	National Bank for Agriculture and Rural Development	Annual

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		(NABARD)	
	5.a.6 Percentage of adult having an account at a formal financial institution	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	3 Years
	5.a.7 Percentage of women having an account at a formal financial institution	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	3 Years
	5.a.8 No. of borrowers per 1,00,000 adults (Male & Female)	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	3 Years
5.b Enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology, to promote the empowerment of women	5.b.1 Percentage of women employed in IT and ITeS industry, (in percentage), 2017-18	Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology	Annual
5.c Adopt and strengthen sound policies and enforceable legislation for the promotion of gender equality and the empowerment of all women and girls at all levels	5.c.1 Number of Central Ministries and States having Gender Budget Cells (GBCs)	Ministry of Women and Child Development	Annual
Target	National Indicator	Data Source	Periodicity
Goal 6. Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all			
6.1 By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all	6.1.1 Percentage of Population getting safe and adequate drinking water within premises through Pipe Water Supply (PWS) (similar to 1.4.1)	Ministry of Jal Shakti, DWS for rural area and MIS, NSS, Ministry of Statistics and PI	Annual for Rural and 3 years for Urban

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	6.1.2 Percentage of population using an improved drinking water source (Rural)	DWS, Ministry of Jal Shakti	Annual
6.2 By 2030, achieve access to adequate and equitable sanitation and hygiene for all and end open defecation, paying special attention to the needs of women and girls and those in vulnerable situations	6.2.1 Proportion of households having access to toilet facility (Urban & Rural), (in percentage), 2015-16 (similar to 1.4.7)	Ministry of Jal Shakti, DWS for rural area and MIS, NSS, Ministry of Statistics and PI	Annual for Rural and 3 years for Urban
	6.2.2 Percentage of Districts achieving Open Defecation Free (ODF) target	DWS, Ministry of Jal Shakti	Annual
	6.2.3 Proportion of schools with separate toilet facility for girls, 2015-16 (in percentage)	Department of School Education, Ministry of Human Resource Development	Annual
6.3 By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally	6.3.1 Percentage of sewage treated before discharge into surface water bodies	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	Annual
	6.3.2 Percentage of industries(17 category of highly polluting industries/grossly polluting industry/red category of industries) complying with waste water treatment as per CPCB norms, 2017-2018	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	Annual
	6.3.3 Proportion of waste water treatment capacity created vis-à-vis total generation	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	Annual
6.4 By 2030, substantially increase water-use efficiency across all sectors	6.4.1 Percentage ground water withdrawal against availability	CGWB, Ministry of Jal Shakti	Annual

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and ensure sustainable withdrawals and supply of freshwater to address water scarcity and substantially reduce the number of people suffering from water scarcity	6.4.2 Per capita storage of water, (in m ³ /person)	(a) Numerator: Ministry of Jal Shakti/ Central Water Commission/ State Water Resources Departments (b) Denominator: Office of Registrar General of India, MHA	Annual
	6.4.3 Per capita availability of water, 2011 (in m ³ /person)	(a) Numerator: Ministry of Jal Shakti/ Central Water Commission/ State Water Resources Departments (b) Denominator: Office of Registrar General of India, MHA	Annual
6.5 By 2030, implement integrated water resources management at all levels, including through transboundary cooperation as appropriate	6.5.1 Percentage area of river basins brought under integrated water resources management	Ministry of Jal Shakti	3 Years
6.6 By 2020, protect and restore water-related ecosystems, including mountains, forests, wetlands, rivers, aquifers and lakes	6.6.1 Percentage of blocks/mandals/taluka over- exploited, (in percentage)	CGWB, Ministry of Jal Shakti	Annual
	6.6.2 Percentage sewage load treated in major rivers	Central Pollution Control Board, MoEF&CC	Annual
	6.6.3 Biological assessment information of surface water bodies	Central Pollution Control Board, MoEF&CC	Annual

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6.a By 2030, expand international cooperation and capacity-building support to developing countries in water- and sanitation-related activities and programmes, including water harvesting, desalination, water efficiency, wastewater treatment, recycling and reuse technologies	6.a.2 Number of MoU/Co-operation agreements for capacity building and technology transfer	Ministry of Jal Shakti	Annual
6.b Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management	6.b.2 Proportion of villages with Village Water & Sanitation Committee [VWSC]	DWS, Ministry of Jal Shakti	Annual
Target	National Indicator	Data Source	Periodicity
Goal 7. Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all			
7.1 By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable and modern energy services	7.1.1 Percentage of households electrified (similar to 1.4.3)	Ministry of Power	Annual
	7.1.2 Percentage of household using clean cooking fuel	Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas	Annual
7.2 By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix	7.2.1 Renewable energy share in the total installed electricity generation	Economic Statistics Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
7.3 By 2030, double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency	7.3.1 Energy intensity measured in terms of primary energy and GDP, (in mega joules per rupee)	Economic Statistics Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual

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7.a By 2030, enhance international cooperation to facilitate access to clean energy research and technology, including renewable energy, energy efficiency and advanced and cleaner fossil-fuel technology, and promote investment in energy infrastructure and clean energy technology	National Indicator is under development		
7.b By 2030, expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services for all in developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their respective programmes of support	National Indicator is under development		
Target	National Indicator	Data Source	Periodicity
Goal 8. Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all			
8.1 Sustain per capita economic growth in accordance with national circumstances and, in particular, at least 7 per cent gross domestic product growth per annum in the least developed countries	8.1.1 Annual growth rate of GDP (adjusted to price changes) per capita, (in percentage)	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
8.2 Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading	8.2.1 Annual growth rate of GDP per employed person	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual

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and innovation, including through a focus on high-value added and labour-intensive sectors	8.2.2 Total number of patents issued (granted) (similar to Indicator 8.3.6 and 9.5.3)	Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (DPIIT), Ministry of Commerce and Industry	Annual
	8.2.3 Annual growth in manufacturing sector, (in percentage)	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
	8.2.4 Annual growth in agriculture sector, (in percentage)	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
8.3 Promote development-oriented policies that support productive activities, decent job creation, entrepreneurship, creativity and innovation, and encourage the formalization and growth of micro-, small- and medium-sized enterprises, including through access to financial services	8.3.1 Percentage of workers in informal sector among total workers engaged in non-agriculture sector, 2017-18	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	Annual
	8.3.4 Number of MSME units registered under the online Udyog Aadhaar registration	Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	Annual
	8.3.5 Number of start-ups recognized under Start-up India, (in number)	Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (DPIIT), Ministry of Commerce and Industry / Startup India	Annual
	8.3.6 Total number of patents issued (granted) (similar to Indicators 8.2.2 and 9.5.3)	Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (DPIIT), Ministry of Commerce and Industry	Annual
	8.3.9 Outstanding Credit to MSME, (in Rs. crore)	Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	Annual

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8.4 Improve progressively, through 2030, global resource efficiency in consumption and production and endeavour to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation, in accordance with the 10-Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production, with developed countries taking the lead	8.4.2 Per capita fossil fuel consumption, (in Kg.)	Ministry of Petroleum and Natural Gas	Annual
	8.4.3 Proportion of waste recycled vs. waste generated, 2017-18	Central Pollution Control Board, MoEF&CC	Annual
8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value	8.5.1 Unemployment rate, 2017-18 (in percentage)	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	Annual
	8.5.2 Workforce Participation Ratio (WPR), 2017-18 (in percentage)	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	Annual
	8.5.3 Wages earned by male-female in regular / casual employment (per month in rupees)	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	Quarterly
	8.5.4 Number of employed persons with disabilities in public services	Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment	Annual
	8.5.5 Total population with disabilities covered under social protection schemes	Ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment	Annual
	8.5.6 Share of unemployed persons in population aged 15-24, 2017-18 (in percentage)	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	Annual
8.6 By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training	8.6.1 Unemployment Rate (15-24 years), 2017-18 (in percentage)	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	Annual

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	8.6.2 Proportion of youth (15-24 years) not in education, employment or training (NEET)	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	3 Years
8.7 Take immediate and effective measures to eradicate forced labour, end modern slavery and human trafficking and secure the prohibition and elimination of the worst forms of child labour, including recruitment and use of child soldiers, and by 2025 end child labour in all its forms	8.7.1 Human trafficking cases per 10,00,000 population	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
	8.7.2 Number of missing children, (similar to Indicator 16.2.3)	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
8.8 Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious employment	8.8.2 Percentage of migrant workers, in percentage	Office of Registrar General of India, Ministry of Home Affairs	10 Years
	8.8.3 Number of accidents in factories	Ministry of Labour and Employment	Annual
	8.8.4 Percentage of households receiving social protection benefits under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act (MGNREGA)	Ministry of Rural Development	Annual
8.9 By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products	8.9.1 Percentage change in number of tourists (domestic and foreign), over previous year	Ministry of Tourism	Annual
	8.9.2 Direct contribution of Tourism to total GDP and in growth rate (in percentage)	(a) Numerator: Ministry of Tourism (b) Denominator: National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
8.10 Strengthen the capacity of domestic	8.10.1 Indicator on financial inclusion	Reserve Bank of India	Annual

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financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all	8.10.2 Number of accounts (including deposit and credit accounts) of scheduled commercial banks per 1,000 population (similar to 1.4.5)	(a) Numerator: Reserve Bank of India (b) Denominator: Office of Registrar General of India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
	8.10.3 Number of banking outlets per 1,00,000 population	Reserve Bank of India	Annual
	8.10.4 Automated Teller Machines (ATMs) per 1,00,000 population	(a) Numerator: Reserve Bank of India (b) Denominator: Office of Registrar General of India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
8.a Increase Aid for Trade support for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, including through the Enhanced Integrated Framework for Trade-related Technical Assistance to Least Developed Countries	National Indicator is under development		
8.b By 2020, develop and operationalize a global strategy for youth employment and implement the Global Jobs Pact of the International Labour Organization	8.b.1 Number of man days created under Mahatma Gandhi National Rural Employment Guarantee Act(MGNREGA)	Department of Rural Development, Ministry of Rural Development	Annual
Target	National Indicator	Data Source	Periodicity
Goal 9. Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation			
9.1 Develop quality, reliable, sustainable and	9.1.1 Proportion of the rural population who live	Ministry of Statistics and	3 Years

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resilient infrastructure, including regional and trans-border infrastructure, to support economic development and human well-being, with a focus on affordable and equitable access for all	within 2 km of an all-season road	Programme Implementation	
	9.1.2 Passenger and freight volumes, by mode of transport	(1) Railway Board is data source for passenger movement and freight volumes by Railways (2) Research Wing of Ministry of Road Transport and Highway is data source for passenger movement and freight volumes by Roads (3) Ministry of Civil Aviation is data source for passenger movement and freight volumes by air	Annual
	9.1.3 Gross Capital Formation by industry of use, (in Rupee crore)	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
9.2 Promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and, by 2030, significantly raise industry's share of employment and gross domestic product, in line with national circumstances, and double its share in least developed countries	9.2.1 Percentage Share of GVA in Manufacturing to Total GVA	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
	9.2.2 Manufacturing employment as a proportion of total employment, 2017-18 (in percentage)	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	Annual
9.3 Increase the access of small-scale industrial and other enterprises, in particular in developing	9.3.1 Share of household sector in total industry value added,(in percentage)	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	Annual

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countries, to financial services, including affordable credit, and their integration into value chains and markets	9.3.2 Percentage of credit flow to MSME (as a percentage of Total Adjusted Net Bank Credit), (in percentage)	Ministry of Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	Annual
9.4 By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource-use efficiency and greater adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities	9.4.1 CO2 equivalent emission per unit of value added	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	Annual
	9.4.2 Energy use intensity of manufacturing value added, (Tone of Oil Equivalent /000' rupees)	Economic Statistics Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
9.5 Enhance scientific research, upgrade the technological capabilities of industrial sectors in all countries, in particular developing countries, including, by 2030, encouraging innovation and substantially increasing the number of research and development workers per 1 million people and public and private research and development spending	9.5.1 Percentage share of government spending on IPP (Research and Development) to total GDP, (in percentage)	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
	9.5.2 Researchers (in full time equivalent) per million population, 2015	Ministry of Science and Technology	Annual
	9.5.3 Total number of patents issued (granted), in number (similar to Indicator 8.2.2 and 8.3.6)	Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (DPIIT), Ministry of Commerce and Industry	Annual
9.a Facilitate sustainable and resilient infrastructure development in developing countries through enhanced financial, technological and technical support to African countries, least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States	National Indicator is under development		

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9.b Support domestic technology development, research and innovation in developing countries, including by ensuring a conducive policy environment for, inter alia, industrial diversification and value addition to commodities	9.b.1 Share of IPP in total Gross Fixed Capital Formation, (in percentage)	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
	9.b.3 Share of GVA of Information and Computer related activities in total GVA, (in percentage)	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
9.c Significantly increase access to information and communications technology and strive to provide universal and affordable access to the Internet in least developed countries by 2020	9.c.1 Number of Internet Subscriptions as percentage of total population, (in percentage)	Department of Telecommunications, Ministry of Communications	Annual
	9.c.2 Number of broadband subscribers per 10,000 persons	Department of Telecommunications, Ministry of Communications	Annual
Target	National Indicator	Data Source	Periodicity
Goal 10. Reduce inequality within and among countries			
10.1 By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average	10.1.1 Growth rates of household expenditure per capita among the bottom 40 per cent of the population and the total population, 2011-12 (in percentage)	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	5 Years
	10.1.2 Gini Coefficient of household expenditure, 2011-12 (in ratio)	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	5 Years
10.2 By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status	10.2.1 Percentage of people living below 50 per cent of median per capita household expenditure, 2011-12	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	5 Years
	10.2.2 Proportion of seats held by women in national Parliament, State Legislation and Local	(1) Election Commission of India (2) Ministry of Panchayati Raj	5 Years

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	Self Government, (in percentage) (similar to Indicators 5.5.1 and 16.7.1)		
	10.2.3 Proportion of SC/ST persons in Elected bodies, (in percentage in Lok Sabha) (similar to 16.7.2)	Election Commission of India	5 Years
10.3 Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard	National Indicator is under development		
10.4 Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality	10.4.1 Percentage of budget allocated to North Eastern States	Ministry of Finance	Annual
	10.4.2 Percentage of budget allocated for welfare of SCs and STs	Ministry of Finance	Annual
10.5 Improve the regulation and monitoring of global financial markets and institutions and strengthen the implementation of such regulations	National Indicator is under development		
10.6 Ensure enhanced representation and voice for developing countries in decision-making in global international economic and financial institutions in order to deliver more effective, credible, accountable and legitimate institutions	National Indicator is under development		

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10.7 Facilitate orderly, safe, regular and responsible migration and mobility of people, including through the implementation of planned and well-managed migration policies	National Indicator is under development		
10.a Implement the principle of special and differential treatment for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, in accordance with World Trade Organization agreements	National Indicator is under development		
10.b Encourage official development assistance and financial flows, including foreign direct investment, to States where the need is greatest, in particular least developed countries, African countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their national plans and programmes	National Indicator is under development		
10.c By 2030, reduce to less than 3 per cent the transaction costs of migrant remittances and eliminate remittance corridors with costs higher than 5 per cent	10.c.1 Remittance costs as a proportion of the amount remitted, (in percentage), 2015-16,(cost of Sending/Receiving US\$ 200 in Public Sector Banks)	Reserve Bank of India	Annual
Target	National Indicator	Data Source	Periodicity
Goal 11. Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable			

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11.1 By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums	11.1.1 Proportion of Urban Population Living in Slums, informal Settlements or Inadequate Housing	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	Annual
11.2 By 2030, provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport systems for all, improving road safety, notably by expanding public transport, with special attention to the needs of those in vulnerable situations, women, children, persons with disabilities and older persons	11.2.1 Proportion of Households in urban areas having convenient access to public transport	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	3 Years
	11.2.2 People killed/injured in road accidents (per 1,00,000 population) (similar to 3.6.1)	(a) Numerator: National Crime Records Bureau, MHA (b) Denominator: Office of Registrar General of India, MHA	Annual
11.3 By 2030, enhance inclusive and sustainable urbanization and capacity for participatory, integrated and sustainable human settlement planning and management in all countries	11.3.1 Proportion of cities with Master plans (similar to 11.a.1)	Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs	Annual
11.4 Strengthen efforts to protect and safeguard the world’s cultural and natural heritage	11.4.1 Restoration and Reuse of Historic Buildings	Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs	Annual
11.5 By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global gross domestic product caused by disasters, including water-related disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations	11.5.1 Number of deaths attributed to extreme climate per 1,00,000 population (similar to Indicator 1.5.1 and 13.1.2)	Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual

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11.6 By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management	11.6.1 Proportion of households from where solid waste is regularly collected, by agency of collection, by frequency of collection	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	3 Years
	11.6.2 Annual mean levels of fine particulate matter (e.g. PM2.5 and PM10) in cities (population weighted)	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	Annual
	11.6.3 Number of days the levels of fine particulate matter (PM 2.5 and PM 10) above mean level	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	Annual
	11.6.4 Percentage of wards with 100% door to door waste collection	Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs	Annual
	11.6.5 Percentage of waste processed	Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs	Annual
11.7 By 2030, provide universal access to safe, inclusive and accessible, green and public spaces, in particular for women and children, older persons and persons with disabilities	11.7.1 Proportion of households reporting an open space within 500 meters from premises (urban)	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	3 Years
11.a Support positive economic, social and environmental links between urban, peri-urban and rural areas by strengthening national and regional development planning	11.a.1 Proportion of cities with Master plans (similar to 11.3.1)	Ministry of Culture	Annual
11.b By 2020, substantially increase the number of cities and human settlements adopting and implementing integrated policies and plans towards inclusion, resource	11.b.1 Whether the country has adopted and implemented national disaster risk reduction strategies in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction	Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual

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efficiency, mitigation and adaptation to climate change, resilience to disasters, and develop and implement, in line with the Sendai Framework for Disaster Risk Reduction 2015-2030, holistic disaster risk management at all levels	2015-2030		
	11.b.2 Proportion of State and local governments that adopt and implement local disaster risk reduction strategies in line with national disaster risk reduction strategies (similar to Indicator 1.5.2), 2018-19	Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
11.c Support least developed countries, including through financial and technical assistance, in building sustainable and resilient buildings utilizing local materials	National Indicator is under development		
Target	National Indicator	Data Source	Periodicity
Goal 12. Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns			
12.1 Implement the 10-Year Framework of Programmes on Sustainable Consumption and Production Patterns, all countries taking action, with developed countries taking the lead, taking into account the development and capabilities of developing countries	12.1.1 Number of countries with sustainable consumption and production (SCP) national action plans or SCP mainstreamed as a priority or a target into national policies	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	Annual
12.2 By 2030, achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources	12.2.1 Percentage variation in per capita use of natural resources	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual

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12.3 By 2030, halve per capita global food waste at the retail and consumer levels and reduce food losses along production and supply chains, including post-harvest losses	12.3.1 Per capita food availability, (Kg per year per person)	Department of Agriculture, cooperation and Farmer Welfare, Ministry of Agriculture and Farmers Welfare	Annual
	12.3.2 Post harvest storage and distribution losses of central/states pool stocks of wheat and rice	Ministry of Consumer Affairs, Food and Public Distribution	Annual
12.4 By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle, in accordance with agreed international frameworks, and significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil in order to minimize their adverse impacts on human health and the environment	12.4.1 Developing national secondary resource policy framework	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	Annual
	12.4.2 Development of national policy for environmentally sound management of hazardous chemical and waste	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	Annual
	12.4.3 Implementation of National Action Plan for fulfilling obligations of various Multilateral Environmental Agreements (MEA) ratified	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	Annual
12.5 By 2030, substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse	12.5.1 Number of waste recycling plants installed	Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs	Annual
	12.5.2 Number of municipal corporations using waste segregation techniques	Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs	Annual
	12.5.3 Number of municipal corporations banning single use plastic	Ministry of Housing and Urban Affairs	Annual

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12.6 Encourage companies, especially large and transnational companies, to adopt sustainable practices and to integrate sustainability information into their reporting cycle	12.6.1 Proportion of companies publishing sustainability reports	Ministry of Corporate Affairs	Annual
12.7 Promote public procurement practices that are sustainable, in accordance with national policies and priorities	12.7.1 Green public procurement policy developed and adopted by the Central Ministries/States/UTs (Numbers)	Ministry of Finance	Annual
12.8 By 2030, ensure that people everywhere have the relevant information and awareness for sustainable development and lifestyles in harmony with nature	National Indicator is under development		
12.a Support developing countries to strengthen their scientific and technological capacity to move towards more sustainable patterns of consumption and production	National Indicator is under development		
12.b Develop and implement tools to monitor sustainable development impacts for sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products	12.b.1 Number of sustainable tourism strategies or policies and action plans implemented with agreed monitoring and evaluation tools.	Ministry of Tourism	Annual

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12.c Rationalize inefficient fossil-fuel subsidies that encourage wasteful consumption by removing market distortions, in accordance with national circumstances, including by restructuring taxation and phasing out those harmful subsidies, where they exist, to reflect their environmental impacts, taking fully into account the specific needs and conditions of developing countries and minimizing the possible adverse impacts on their development in a manner that protects the poor and the affected communities	12.c.1 Amount of fossil fuel subsidy per unit of GDP	(a) Numerator- Ministry of Finance (b) Denominator – Ministry of Statistics & PI	Annual
Target	National Indicator	Data Source	Periodicity
Goal 13. Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts			
13.1 Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries	13.1.1 Number of States with strategies for enhancing adaptive capacity and dealing with climate extreme weather events, 2017-18	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	Annual
	13.1.2 Number of deaths attributed to extreme climate per 1,00,000 population (similar to Indicator 1.5.1 and 11.5.1)	Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
13.2 Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning	13.2.1 Pre 2020 action: Achievement of pre-2020 goals as per country priority (percentage reduction in emission intensity of GDP, over	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	2 Years

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	2005 level)		
	13.2.2 Achievement of Nationally Determined Contribution (NDC) Goals in post 2020 period	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	Annual
13.3 Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning	13.3.1 Number of States that have integrated climate mitigation and adaptation in education curricula and outreach programs	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	Annual
13.a Implement the commitment undertaken by developed-country parties to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change to a goal of mobilizing jointly \$100 billion annually by 2020 from all sources to address the needs of developing countries in the context of meaningful mitigation actions and transparency on implementation and fully operationalize the Green Climate Fund through its capitalization as soon as possible	National Indicator is under development		
13.b Promote mechanisms for raising capacity for effective climate change-related planning and management in least developed countries and small island developing States, including focusing on women, youth and local and marginalized communities	National Indicator is under development		

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Target	National Indicator	Data Source	Periodicity
Goal 14. Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development			
14.1 By 2025, prevent and significantly reduce marine pollution of all kinds, in particular from land-based activities, including marine debris and nutrient pollution	14.1.1 Coastal Water Quality Index, 2015 – 16	Ministry of Earth Sciences	Annual
	14.1.3 Percentage use of nitrogenous fertilizer to total fertilizer (N,P & K)	DAC&FW, Ministry of Agriculture and Farmer's Welfare	Annual
14.2 By 2020, sustainably manage and protect marine and coastal ecosystems to avoid significant adverse impacts, including by strengthening their resilience, and take action for their restoration in order to achieve healthy and productive oceans	14.2.1 Percentage change in area under mangroves, (similar to Indicator 14.5.2)	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	2 Years
	14.2.3 Percentage change in Marine Protected Areas (MPA)	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	2 Years
14.3 Minimize and address the impacts of ocean acidification, including through enhanced scientific cooperation at all levels	14.3.1 Average marine acidity (pH) measured at agreed site of representative sampling stations	Ministry of Earth Sciences	Annual
14.4 By 2020, effectively regulate harvesting and end overfishing, illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and destructive fishing practices and implement science-based management plans, in order to restore fish stocks in the shortest time feasible, at least to levels that can produce maximum sustainable yield as determined by their biological characteristics	14.4.1 Maximum Sustainable Yield (MSY) in fishing, (in Million Tonne/Year)	Department of Fisheries, Ministry of Animal Husbandry, Dairying & Fisheries	Annual

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14.5 By 2020, conserve at least 10 per cent of coastal and marine areas, consistent with national and international law and based on the best available scientific information	14.5.1 Coverage of protected areas in relation to marine areas	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	Annual
	14.5.2 Percentage change in area under mangroves, (similar to Indicator 14.2.1)	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	2 Years
14.6 By 2020, prohibit certain forms of fisheries subsidies which contribute to overcapacity and overfishing, eliminate subsidies that contribute to illegal, unreported and unregulated fishing and refrain from introducing new such subsidies, recognizing that appropriate and effective special and differential treatment for developing and least developed countries should be an integral part of the World Trade Organization fisheries subsidies negotiation ^[b]	National Indicator is under development		
14.7 By 2030, increase the economic benefits to small island developing States and least developed countries from the sustainable use of marine resources, including through sustainable management of fisheries, aquaculture and tourism	National Indicator is under development		

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14.a Increase scientific knowledge, develop research capacity and transfer marine technology, taking into account the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission Criteria and Guidelines on the Transfer of Marine Technology, in order to improve ocean health and to enhance the contribution of marine biodiversity to the development of developing countries, in particular small island developing States and least developed countries	14.a.1 Allocation of budget resources for research as per the EEZ or coastal line	Ministry of Earth Sciences	Annual
14.b Provide access for small-scale artisanal fishers to marine resources and markets	14.b.1 Assistance to the traditional / artisanal fishers for procurement of FRP boats and other associated fishing implements, (in Number & in Rs. Lakh)	Department of Fisheries, Ministry of Animal Husbandry, Dairying & Fisheries	Annual
14.c Enhance the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources by implementing international law as reflected in the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea, which provides the legal framework for the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and their resources, as recalled in paragraph 158 of “The future we want”	14.c.1 Percentage compliance of international laws	Ministry of Earth Sciences	Annual
Target	National Indicator	Data Source	Periodicity

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Goal 15. Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss			
15.1 By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements	15.1.1 Forest cover as a percentage of total geographical area, (in percentage)	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	2 Years
	15.1.2 Protected area as percentage of total geographical area, (in '000 sq.km.)	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	2 Years
15.2 By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally	15.2.1 Percentage change in Forest Cover	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	2 Years
	15.2.2 Total area covered under different afforestation schemes (in Hectare)	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	Annual
	15.2.3 Tree cover as percentage of total geographical area	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	2 Years
15.3 By 2030, combat desertification, restore degraded land and soil, including land affected by desertification, drought and floods, and strive to achieve a land degradation-neutral world	15.3.1 Proportion of land that is degraded over total land area, 2015-16	National Remote Sensing Centre (NRSC), Dept. of Space	5 Years
15.4 By 2030, ensure the conservation of mountain ecosystems, including their biodiversity, in order to enhance their capacity to provide benefits that are essential for sustainable development	15.4.1 Percentage change in forest cover in hill districts	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	2 Years
	15.4.4 Percentage change in per capita income of Himalayan State over previous year	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual

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15.5 Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species	15.5.1 Red List Index	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	Annual
15.6 Promote fair and equitable sharing of the benefits arising from the utilization of genetic resources and promote appropriate access to such resources, as internationally agreed	15.6.1 Number of Access and Benefit Sharing (ABS) agreements signed	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	Annual
15.7 Take urgent action to end poaching and trafficking of protected species of flora and fauna and address both demand and supply of illegal wildlife products	15.7.1 Number of cases registered under the Wildlife Protection Act, 1972 (similar to 15.c.1)	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	Annual
15.8 By 2020, introduce measures to prevent the introduction and significantly reduce the impact of invasive alien species on land and water ecosystems and control or eradicate the priority species	15.8.1 Percentage change in prevention and control of invasive alien species	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	Annual
15.9 By 2020, integrate ecosystem and biodiversity values into national and local planning, development processes, poverty reduction strategies and accounts	15.9.1 Progress towards national targets established in accordance with Aichi Biodiversity Target 2 of the Strategies Plan for Biodiversity, 2011-2020	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	Annual
15.a Mobilize and significantly increase financial resources from all sources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity	National Indicator is under development		

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and ecosystems			
15.b Mobilize significant resources from all sources and at all levels to finance sustainable forest management and provide adequate incentives to developing countries to advance such management, including for conservation and reforestation	15.b.1 Percentage of government spending on environmental protection to total government expenditure	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
15.c Enhance global support for efforts to combat poaching and trafficking of protected species, including by increasing the capacity of local communities to pursue sustainable livelihood opportunities	15.c.1 Number of cases registered under the Wildlife Protection Act, 1972 (similar to 15.7.1)	Ministry of Environment Forest and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)	Annual
Target	National Indicator	Data Source	Periodicity
Goal 16. Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels			
16.1 Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere	16.1.1 Number of victims of intentional homicide per 1,00,000 population	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
	16.1.2 Per 1,00,000 Population subjected to physical, psychological or sexual violence in the previous 12 months	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual

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16.2 End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children	16.2.1 Number of victims rescued from human trafficking per 1,00,000 population, by sex, age and form of exploitation	(a) Numerator: National Crime Records Bureau, MHA (b) Denominator: Office of Registrar General of India, MHA	Annual
	16.2.2 Proportion of Crime Committed against Children during the year, (rate per 1,00,000 children)	(a) Numerator: National Crime Records Bureau, MHA (b) Denominator: Office of Registrar General of India, MHA	Annual
	16.2.3 Number of Missing Children, (similar to Indicator 8.7.2)	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
16.3 Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all	16.3.1 Number of courts per lakh population	Ministry of Law and Justice	Annual
	16.3.2 Number of Judges (all levels) per lakh population	Ministry of Law and Justice	Annual
	16.3.3 Unsentenced detainees as a proportion of overall prison population	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
16.4 By 2030, significantly reduce illicit financial and arms flows, strengthen the recovery and return of stolen assets and combat all forms of organized crime	16.4.1 Number of cases under the Arms Act	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
	16.4.2 Value of Property Stolen & Recovered (in Rs. crore) and Percentage Recovery, (in percentage)	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
16.5 Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms	16.5.1 Cases reported under Prevention of Corruption Act and related section of IPC per 1,00,000 population	National Crime Records Bureau, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
16.6 Develop effective, accountable and transparent	16.6.1 Number of Government services	Ministry of Electronics and	Annual

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institutions at all levels	provided online to citizens	Information Technology	
	16.6.2 Percentage of RTI queries responded, (similar to Indicator 16.10.1)	Central Information Commission	Annual
	16.6.3 Number of applications filed with institutions coming under Right To Information Act	Central Information Commission	Annual
16.7 Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making at all levels	16.7.1 Proportion of seats held by women in national Parliament, State Legislation and Local Self Government, (in percentage) (similar to Indicators 5.5.1 and 10.2.2)	(1) Election Commission of India (2) Ministry of Panchayati Raj	5 Years
	16.7.2 Proportion of SC/ST persons in the elected bodies (in percentage in Lok Sabha) (similar to indicator 10.2.3)	(1) Election Commission of India (2) Ministry of Panchayati Raj	Annual
16.8 Broaden and strengthen the participation of developing countries in the institutions of global governance	National Indicator is under development		
16.9 By 2030, provide legal identity for all, including birth registration	16.9.1 Percentage of births registered, (in percentage)	Office of Registrar General of India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual
	16.9.2 Proportion of population covered under Aadhaar, (in percentage)	Unique Identification Authority of India	Annual
16.10 Ensure public access to information and protect fundamental freedoms, in accordance with national legislation and international agreements	16.10.1 Percentage of RTI queries responded, (similar to Indicator 16.6.2)	Central Information Commission	Annual

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16.a Strengthen relevant national institutions, including through international cooperation, for building capacity at all levels, in particular in developing countries, to prevent violence and combat terrorism and crime	National Indicator is under development		
16.b Promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development	National Indicator is under development		
Target	National Indicator	Data Source	Periodicity
Goal 17. Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development			
17.1 Strengthen domestic resource mobilization, including through international support to developing countries, to improve domestic capacity for tax and other revenue collection	17.1.1 Total government revenue as a proportion of GDP, by source (in percentage)	Ministry of Finance	Annual
	17.1.2 Proportion of domestic budget funded by domestic taxes	Ministry of Finance	Annual
17.2 Developed countries to implement fully their official development assistance commitments, including the commitment by many developed countries to achieve the target of 0.7 per cent of gross national income for official development assistance (ODA/GNI) to developing countries and 0.15 to 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries; ODA providers are encouraged to consider setting a target to	National Indicator is under development		

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provide at least 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries			
17.3 Mobilize additional financial resources for developing countries from multiple sources	17.3.2 Volume of remittances (in United States dollars) as a proportion of total GDP	Reserve Bank of India	Annual
17.4 Assist developing countries in attaining long-term debt sustainability through coordinated policies aimed at fostering debt financing, debt relief and debt restructuring, as appropriate, and address the external debt of highly indebted poor countries to reduce debt distress	17.4.1 Debt service as a proportion of exports of goods and services	Reserve Bank of India	Annual
17.5 Adopt and implement investment promotion regimes for least developed countries	National Indicator is under development		
17.6 Enhance North-South, South-South and triangular regional and international cooperation on and access to science, technology and innovation and enhance knowledge-sharing on mutually agreed terms, including through improved coordination among existing mechanisms, in particular at the United Nations level, and through a global technology facilitation mechanism	National Indicator is under development		
17.7 Promote the development, transfer, dissemination and diffusion of environmentally sound technologies to developing countries on favourable	National Indicator is under development		

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terms, including on concessional and preferential terms, as mutually agreed			
17.8 Fully operationalize the technology bank and science, technology and innovation capacity-building mechanism for least developed countries by 2017 and enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology	National Indicator is under development		
17.9 Enhance international support for implementing effective and targeted capacity-building in developing countries to support national plans to implement all the Sustainable Development Goals, including through North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation	National Indicator is under development		
17.10 Promote a universal, rules-based, open, non-discriminatory and equitable multilateral trading system under the World Trade Organization, including through the conclusion of negotiations under its Doha Development Agenda	National Indicator is under development		
17.11 Significantly increase the exports of developing countries, in particular with a view to doubling the least developed countries' share of global exports by 2020	17.11.1 Share of India's exports in Global exports, (in percentage)	DGFT, Ministry of Commerce & Industry	Annual

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17.12 Realize timely implementation of duty-free and quota-free market access on a lasting basis for all least developed countries, consistent with World Trade Organization decisions, including by ensuring that preferential rules of origin applicable to imports from least developed countries are transparent and simple, and contribute to facilitating market access	National Indicator is under development		
17.13 Enhance global macroeconomic stability, including through policy coordination and policy coherence	17.13.1 Macroeconomic Dashboard	Ministry of Finance	Annual
17.14 Enhance policy coherence for sustainable development	National Indicator is under development		
17.15 Respect each country's policy space and leadership to establish and implement policies for poverty eradication and sustainable development	National Indicator is under development		
17.16 Enhance the Global Partnership for Sustainable Development, complemented by multi-stakeholder partnerships that mobilize and share knowledge, expertise, technology and financial resources, to support the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals in all countries, in particular developing countries	17.16.1 Number of States having a State Monitoring Framework that supports the achievement of the sustainable development goals, 2019-20	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	Annual

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17.17 Encourage and promote effective public, public-private and civil society partnerships, building on the experience and resourcing strategies of partnerships	17.17.1 Amount of Indian Rupees spent on Public-Private Partnership (PPP)	Ministry of Finance	Annual
17.18 By 2020, enhance capacity-building support to developing countries, including for least developed countries and small island developing States, to increase significantly the availability of high-quality, timely and reliable data disaggregated by income, gender, age, race, ethnicity, migratory status, disability, geographic location and other characteristics relevant in national contexts	17.18.2 States that have statistical legislation that complies with the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics	Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	Annual
17.19 By 2030, build on existing initiatives to develop measurements of progress on sustainable development that complement gross domestic product, and support statistical capacity-building in developing countries	17.19.1 Budget allocated to different Ministries for strengthening statistics, (in Rs. Lakh)	National Accounts Division, NSO, MoSPI	Annual
	17.19.2 Proportion of States/UTs that have achieved 100 per cent birth registration and 80 per cent death registration, (in percentage)	Office of Registrar General of India, Ministry of Home Affairs	Annual